# impact

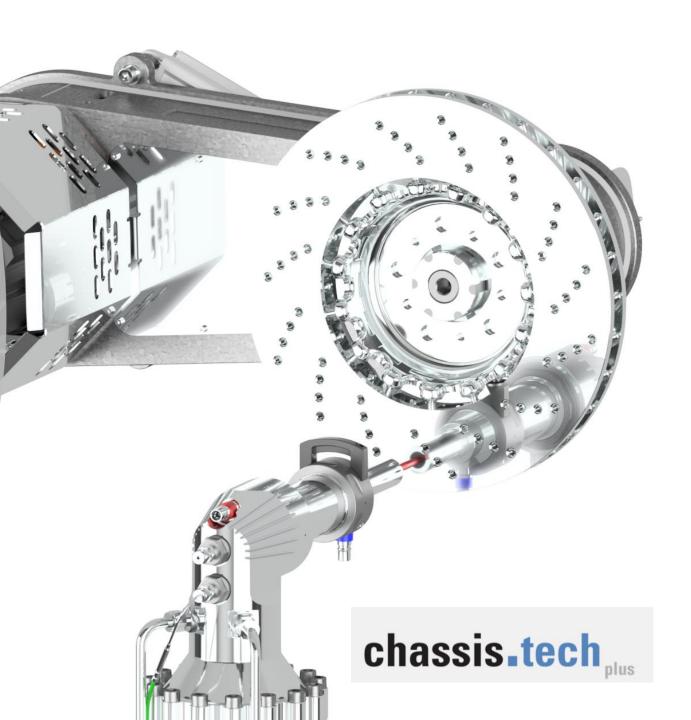
We. Spray. Future.

Global technology leader for industrial Cold Spray

Particle emission reduction for brake discs via highperformance Cold Spray Coating

<u>Leonhard Holzgaßner</u>, Dr. Reeti Singh, Dr. Sascha Bernhardt

June 21, 2023







- Company introduction
- Cold Spray Technology
- High-performance Cold Spray Coating for Brake Disc Application

## Global technology leader for industrial Cold Spray

#### **Our Impact on Cold Spray**

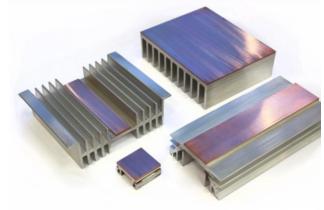
- Year of foundation: 2010
- >20 Years of experience in Cold Spray Technology
- Focus on High Pressure Cold Spray Equipment for industrial applications
- >100 Impact Systems installed worldwide
- >40 Employees at headquarter in Germany
- 1500 m<sup>2</sup> Production area
- 750 m<sup>2</sup> Office space





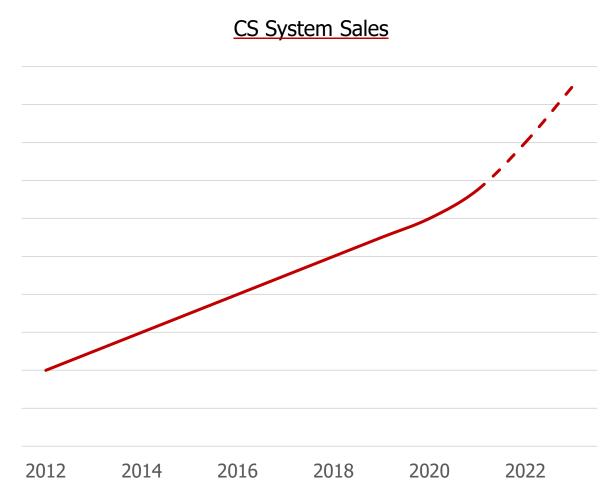






## We are continuously growing since our sales start in 2012





- Development of CS Equipment in 2010 & 2011
- Presentation of new Impact Spray System at ITSC 2012
- August 2012: 1st installation of an Impact Spray System in France
- Use in industrial series production and additive manufacturing since 2015
- **DEDIQ** joins company as a strategic partner in 2019
- Approved growth and expansion plan for 2020-2025
  - Product road map and sales strategy
  - Expansion of company building
  - Expansion of R&D and manufacturing capacities

## Corporate division





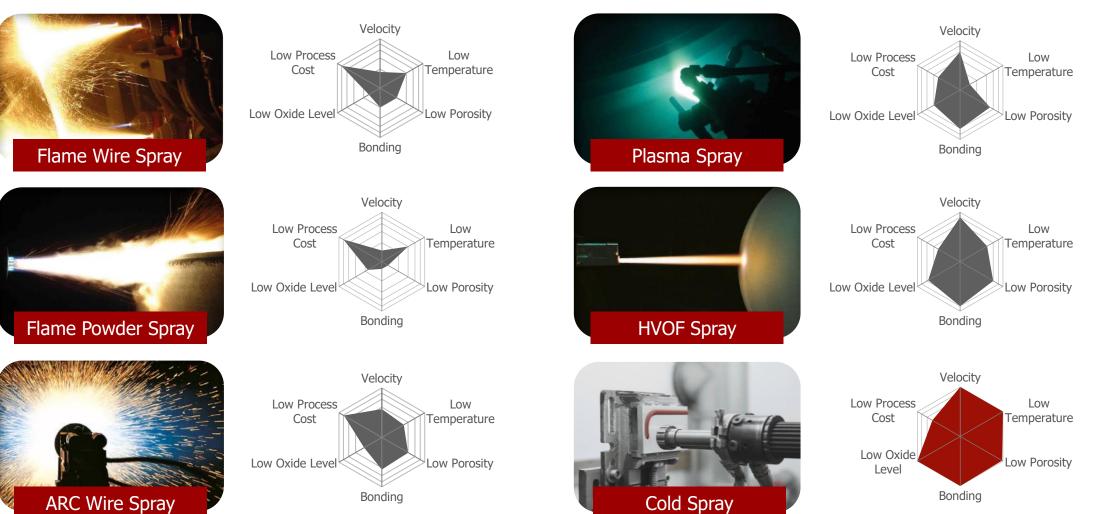
Agenda



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- Cold Spray Technology
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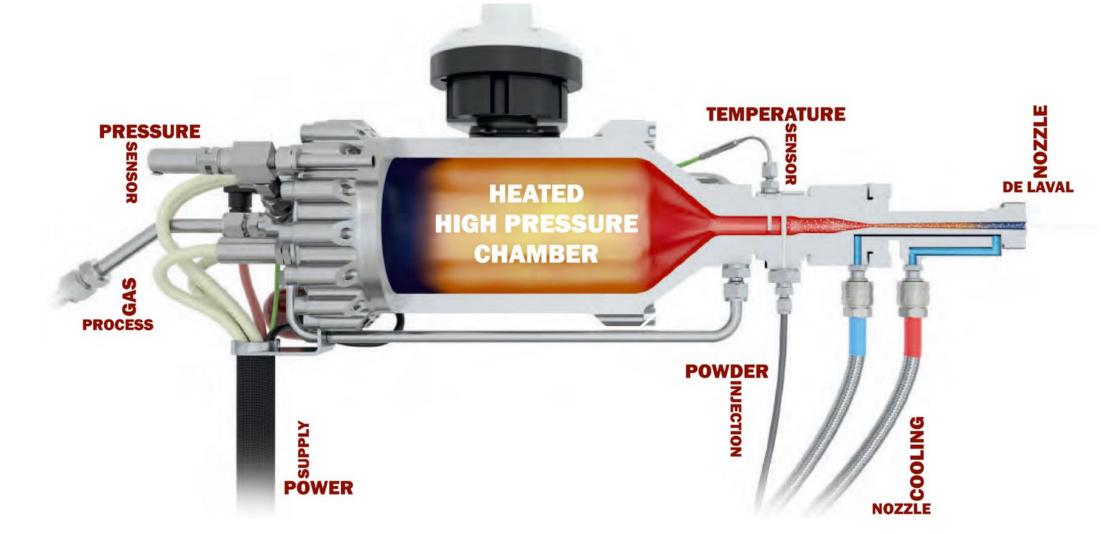
## Part of the field of thermal spraying





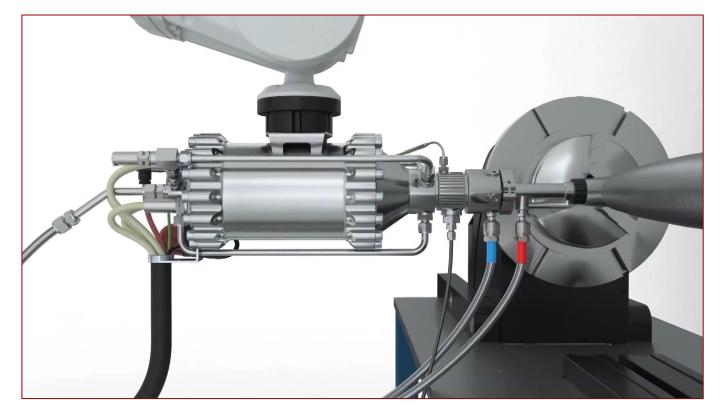
## Core component - Cold Spray Gun



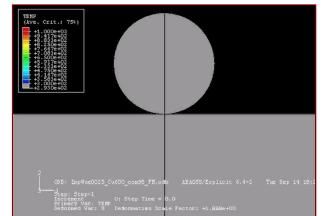


### Solid-state process





- Feed stock material is not melted
- Minimal thermal influence on the feed stock and substrate material
- Production of homogeneous and very dense coatings, due to the high kinetic energy of the particles and a high degree of deformation on particle impact



Agenda



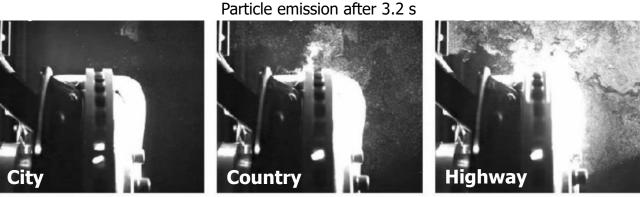
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High-performance Cold Spray Coating for Brake Disc Application

## Motivation for the Development



#### Euro-7 regulation for the reduction of particle emission of passenger car brake systems starting in 2025



Source: HORIBA Source: K. Augsburg, H. Sachse, R. Horn, S. Gramstat, 15th ETH conference on Combustion Generated Nanoparticles, June 26<sup>th</sup> - 29<sup>th</sup> 2011

- The necessity of corrosion resistance for electric-driven cars
- Growing aesthetic requirement, reduced rust formation and dust deposit on the rims
- · Reduction of wear and maintenance costs

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Requirements

Up to over 90% compared to the standard brake system

Brake performance

The tribological performance between the brake disc and the brake pad must be ensured at all conditions

Mechanical performance

The coating must withstand the applied braking forces at all conditions

Corrosion protection

Up to 720 hours in a salt spray chamber

• Low cost

Different coating solutions for different requirements

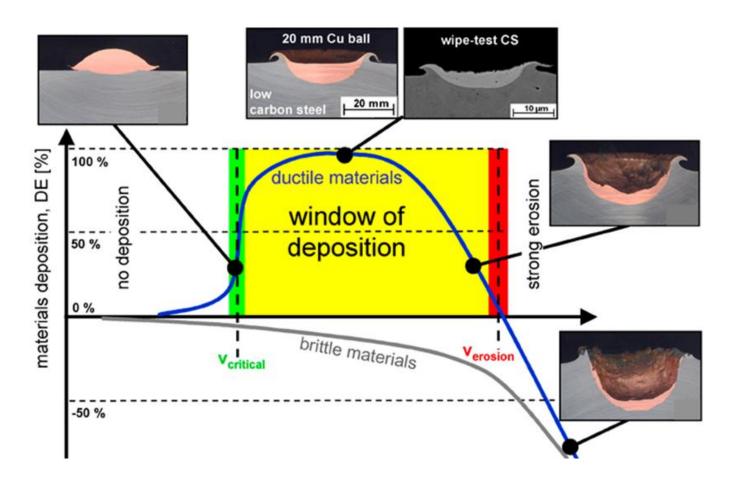
• Use of standard materials

High availability and safe sources



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## Coating materials



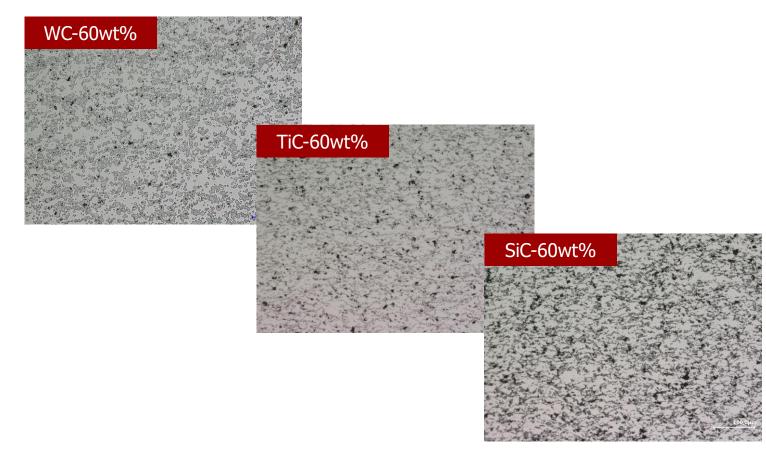


#### **Composite coating**

- Matrix materials
  - Ti-6Al-4V
  - 430L
- Hard materials
  - WC
  - SiC
  - TiC

## Deposition efficiency and cross section analysis

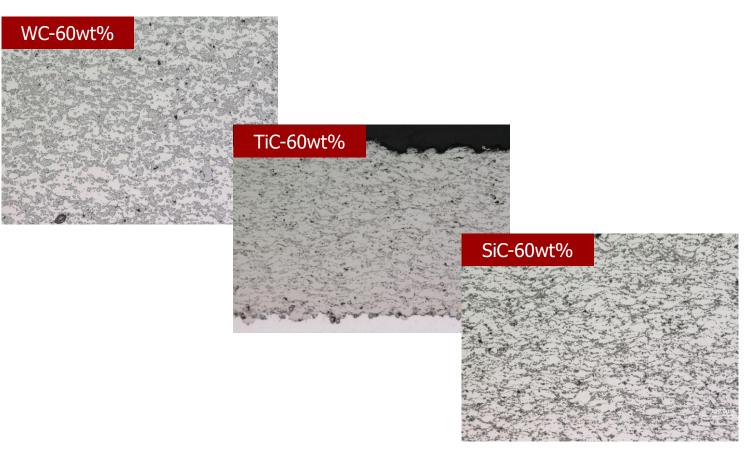
#### Ti-6Al-4V + Hard materials



- Uniform carbide distribution
- Overall porosity <1.5 %
- Deposition efficiency
  - Ti-6Al-4V+WC-60 ~ 88 %
  - Ti-6Al-4V+TiC-60  $\sim$  50 %
  - Ti-6Al-4V+SiC-60 ~ 50 %
- All three mixtures are potential candidates for the brake discs application

## Deposition efficiency and cross section analysis

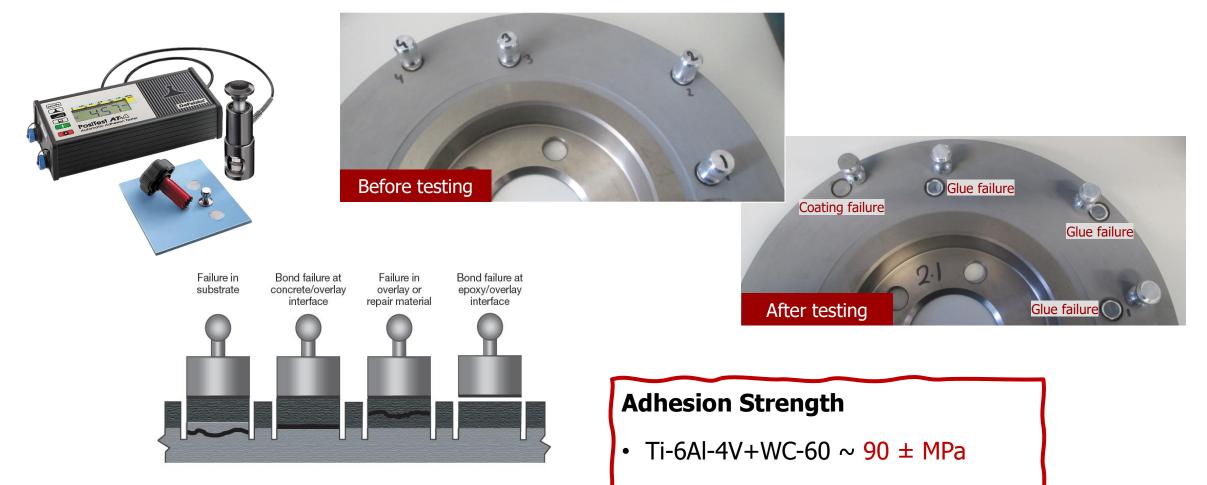
#### 430L + Hard materials



- Uniform carbide distribution
- Overall porosity <2 %
- Deposition efficiency
  - 430L+WC-60 ~ 70 %
  - 430L+TiC-60 ~ 38 %
  - 430L+SiC-60 ~ 36 %
- 430L+WC60 is a potential candidate for the brake discs application

## Bonding strength

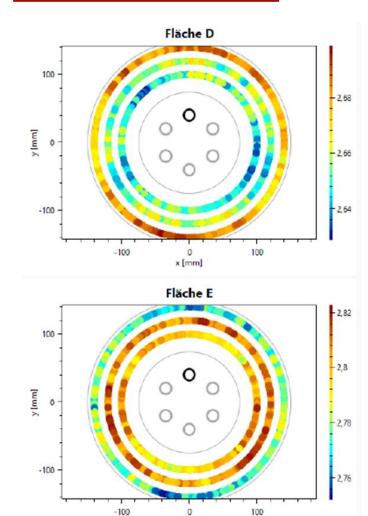




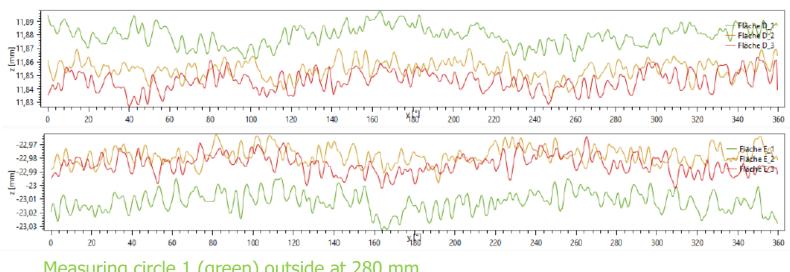
• 430L+WC-60 ~ 90 ± 5 MPa

## Thermal distortion





x [mm]



Measuring circle 1 (green) outside at 280 mm Measuring circle 2 (orange) in the middle at 240 mm Measuring circle 3 (red) inside at 200 mm

#### 20-30µm maximum measured distortion after coating process

- Reduced distortion and uniform coating layers leads to
  - Reduced coating costs
  - Reduced grinding costs

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## Brake performance / AK-Master test



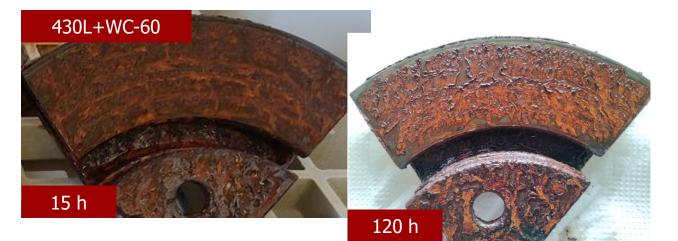


- No wear on brake disc
- Very low wear on brake pads
- No visible cracks on brake disc surface
- Braking behavior can be improved by choosing adapted brake pad material

Coating material	Disc (g)	Inboard Pad (g)	Outboard Pad (g)	μ <sub>min</sub>	μ <sub>nom</sub>
Ti-6Al-4V+WC-60	0	8.49	8.98	0.23	0.25
430L+WC-60	-0.1	6.99	7.33	0.24	0.28
Uncoated disc (Reference)	6.3	8.89	9.80	0.31	0.38

## Corrosion performance





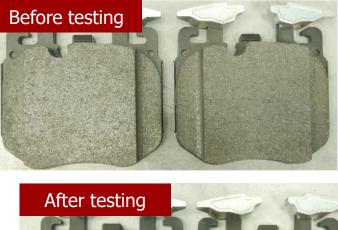


- Salt Spray Test (5% NaCl)
- Standard ISO 9227
- Performed after AK-Master test

- Ti-6Al-4V+WC-60
  No corrosion was observed after 720 h
- 430L+WC-60
  Corrosion was observed after 15 h

## Mechanical performance / Crack formation test





After testing

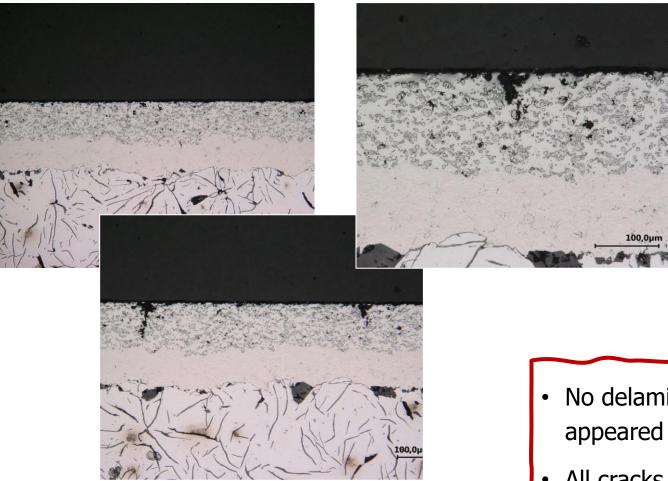
- Intermediate layer Ti
  - Layer thickness  $\sim 120 \ \mu m$
- Top layer Ti-6Al-4V+WC-60
  - Layer thickness ~ 250  $\mu$ m (after coating)

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- Layer thickness ~ 150 μm (after grinding)
- Crack formation test
  - 15 brake cycles of 10 shock brakes
  - From maximum speed to 5 km/h with maximum brake deceleration
- No delamination and only very few minor cracks appeared in the coating of the brake disc
- Only slight wear on brake pads are visible

## Mechanical performance / Crack formation test





- Intermediate layer Ti
  - Layer thickness  $\sim 120 \ \mu m$
- Top layer Ti-6Al-4V+WC-60
  - Layer thickness  $\sim 250 \ \mu m$  (after coating)
  - Layer thickness ~ 150  $\mu$ m (after grinding)
- Crack formation test
  - 15 brake cycles of 10 shock brakes
  - From maximum speed to 5 km/h with maximum brake deceleration
- No delamination and only very few minor cracks appeared in the coating of the brake disc
- All cracks are limited to the top layer

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### Reduction of particle emission





## Cost comparison



Coating material	Ti-6Al-4V+WC-60	Ti-6Al-4V+TiC-60	Ti-6Al-4V+SiC-60	Ti
Layer	Тор	Тор	Тор	Intermediate
Deposition rate per Gun	12 kg/h	8 kg/h	5 kg/h	7 kg/h
Coating thickness after coating	200-300 µm	200-300 µm	200-300 µm	100-130 µm
Coating weight	107-160 g	64-96 g	50-74 g	33-42 g
Coating thickness after grinding	125-200 μm	125-200 μm	125-200 μm	
Coating cost per disc	11-16€	9-13€	6-9 €	3,50-4,50 €

Further cost reduction is under development

- Reduction of layer thicknesses
- Use of other materials
- Single-layer coating

## Summary and outlook

- $\checkmark$  Low porosity and uniform coating layer
- $\checkmark$  High bonding strength (No delamination even at highest braking forces)
- $\checkmark$  Very low thermal impact to the brake disc and thus no distortion
- $\checkmark$  Wear reduction of >95 %
- $\checkmark$  Coefficient of friction can be improved by choosing adapted brake pad material
- $\checkmark$  High corrosion resistance up to 720 h
- $\checkmark$  Grinding cost can be significantly reduced
- ✓ Particle emission reduction >85 %
- ✓ Further development with single-layer coating is in progress to increase the performance and reduce the cost
- $\checkmark$  Very robust technology with very high throughput
- $\checkmark$  Always the same process parameters regardless of brake disc size and shape

Example of an automated coating box for efficient brake disc coating with maximum system capacity





## Technical qualification status

• IMPACT Cold Spray coatings for brake discs are technical qualified by BMW Group and other OEM's

• Cold Spray coatings for brake discs under evaluation for series production by BMW Group



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## Thank you for your attention!



